



Product manuals

—SZ05-ZBEE embedded wireless communication module

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I Introduction

The boat SZ05 series of embedded wireless communication module integrated ZigBee protocol standards radio frequency transceivers and microprocessors. It has the characteristics and advantages of long communication distance, strong anti-jamming capability, flexible network and stable performance. Meanwhile, it can achieve point-to-point, multipoint, multi-multipoint transparent data transfer between devices. And the devices communicate with each other forms the network of a star, a branching tree or a net (mesh).

SZ05 series of wireless communication module's data interfaces including: TTL interface and RS232 standard interface. They can send the data by way of broadcast or target address. In addition to achieving the general point-to-point data communication functions, they also can realize the multipoint communication. What's more, the serial communication is so easy and convenient to use that it can reduce the matching process time of inserting the embedded module.

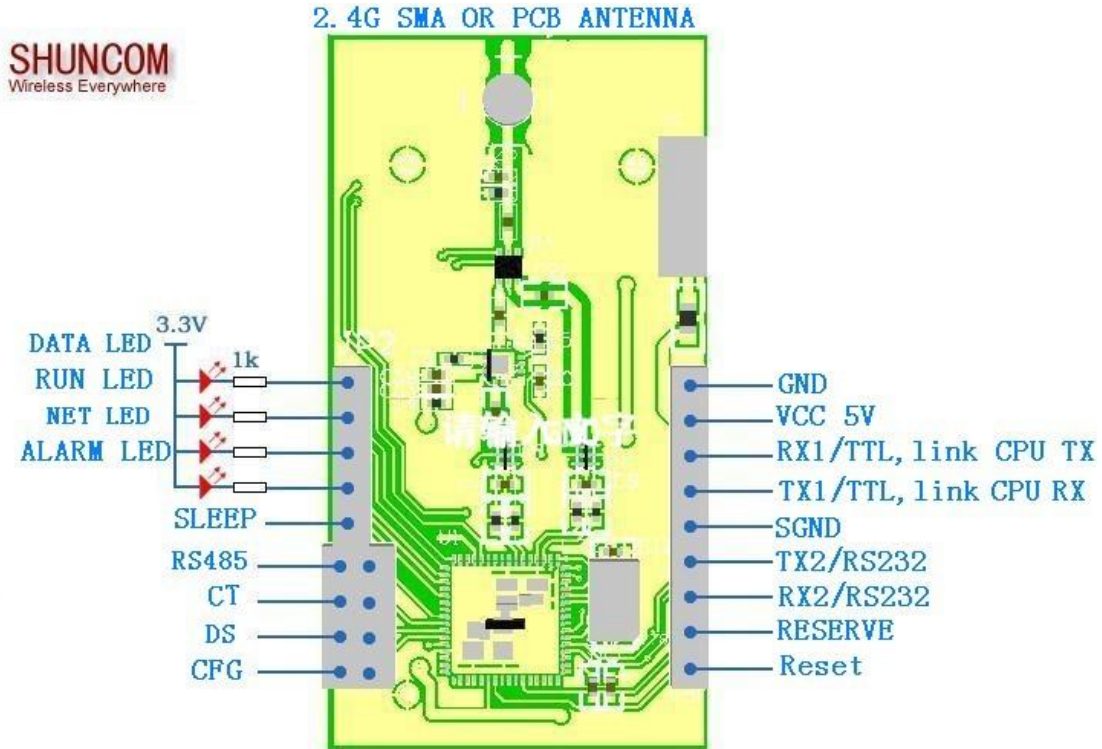
SZ05 series of wireless communication module is divided into three nodes in the network: Central Coordinator, Router and End-Device. They have different functions in the network. The Central Coordinator is the central nodes which can automatically initiate maintain and manage the information of the network. The Router takes the charge of liking network together, transmitting the data and associating with other routers and End-devices. And the terminal nodes only send and receive the data. Central coordinator, a router and terminal node, these three types of devices are the same in hardware but the embedded software is different. In way of jumpers settings or software configuration can realize the different functions of devices.

II Technical specifications

| Category | Index name | SZ05 series wireless module |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Wireless network | The transmission distance | 100 meters - 2,000 meters |
| | Network topology | Star, tree and chain type, mesh network |
| | Addressing mode | IEEE802.15.4 / ZIGBEE standard address |
| | Network ID | 255 |
| Data interface | Maximum data packet | 256 bytes |
| | Data interface | TTL , RS232 standard interface |
| | Serial signal | TxD, RxD, GND |

| | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Serial rate | 1,200 ~ 38,400 bps |
| | Serial calibration | None, Even, Odd |
| | Data bits, | 7, 8 |
| | parity | 1 |
| transceiver | Modulation mode | The DSSS direct sequence spread spectrum |
| | Frequency range | 2.405GHz~ 2.480GHz |
| | Wireless channel | 16 |
| | Receiving sensitivity | -94 dbm |
| | Transmission power | -27dBm~25dBm |
| | Antenna | The outer SMA antenna or PCB antenna |
| | Conflict prevention | GTS CSMA - CA and CSMA - CA |
| power | Input voltage | DC 5V |
| | Maximum current | 70 mA |
| | Maximum receiving current | 55 mA |
| | Standby current | 10 mA |
| | Power saving mode | 110 uA |
| | Sleep pattern | 30 uA |
| Working environment | Working temperature | -40°C ~ 85°C |
| | Storage temperature | -55°C ~ 125°C |

III Interface



SZ05 series embedded module typical wiring diagram

3.1 Module to the left of pin identification

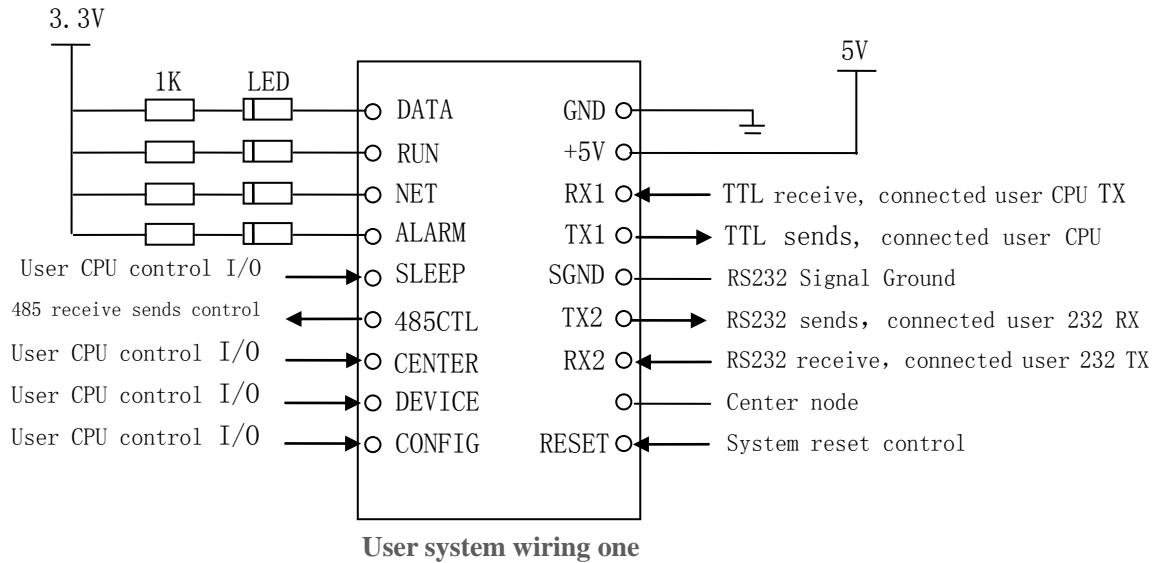
| Sequence | Mark | Function | Notes |
|----------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | GND | Ground | |
| 2 | +5V | Power input is 5V | |
| 3 | RX1/TTL | TTL level input | TX output to connect the user system |
| 4 | TX1/TTL | TTL level output | RX input to connect the user system |
| 5 | SGND | Serial RS232 signal ground | Ground |
| 6 | TX2/RS232 | Serial RS232 output | Connect the user input 232 |
| 7 | RX2/RS232 | Serial RS232 input | Connect the user output 232 |

| | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| 8 | | System reserved | Vacant |
| 9 | RESET | System reset | LOW Reset |

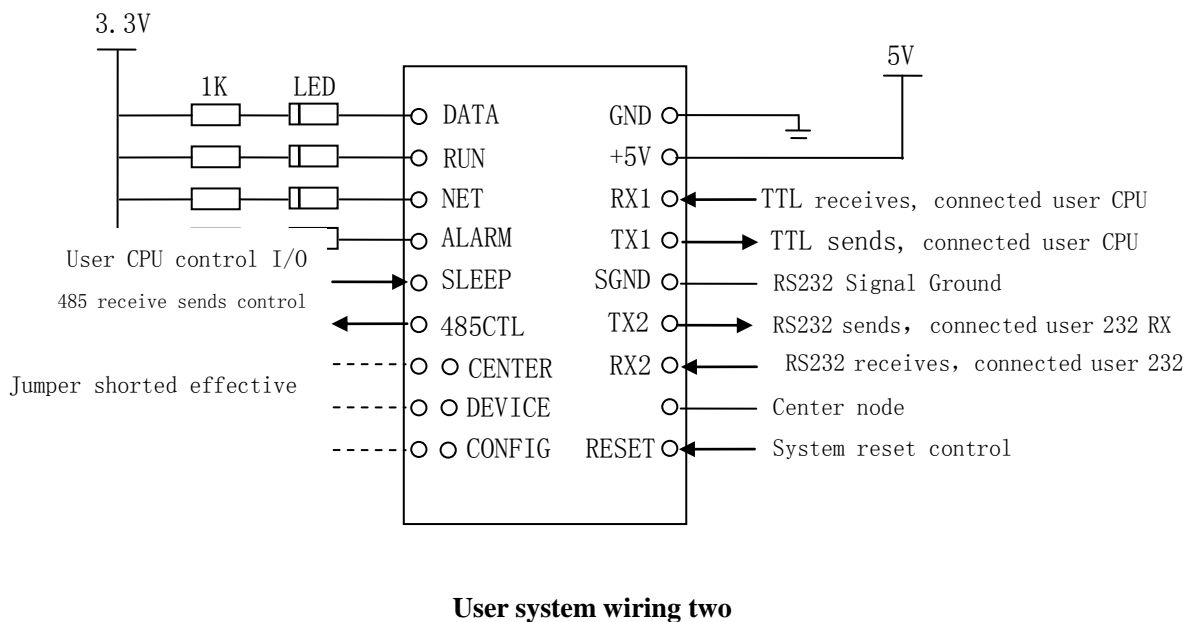
3.2 Module to the right of pin identification

| Sequence | Mark | Function | Notes |
|----------|---------------|---|---|
| 1 | DATA | Sending and receiving data instructions | Low light. the data transceiver is flashing |
| 2 | RUN | System running light | Low light. interval of 1second flashes |
| 3 | NET | Network indicators | Low light. the center succeeded in building a network node, bright light from the node to connect the network |
| 4 | ALARM | System warning light | Low light |
| 5 | SLEEP | Low power consumption | Low access to low-power, high level or normal operation of floating |
| 6 | 485CTL | 485 transceiver control | Low output when the module 485 to receive. high output when it sent |
| 7 | CENTER | Center node | Low effective or adding the jumper cap becomes a central node. If 7 and 8 are as high level or floating it is the routing node. |
| 8 | DEVICE | Terminal node | Low effective or adding the jumper cap into the terminal nodes. If 7 and 8 are as high or floating it is the routing node |
| 9 | CONFIG | Configuration interface | Low effective or adding the jumper cap into the system configuration state |

3.3 Module wiring diagram



Wiring One: CPU control of the user system I / O port to control the function of all modules



Wiring Two: A short jumper connection to control the center node, relay routing node or the terminal node is set into CONFIG mode, if the short jumper was effective, central node or terminal node jumper selection can only be chosen one. If both of them are suspended, the node will be a relay routing node. The suspended state comes into work if CONFIG is set into the configuration state by a short jumper.

3.4 Module control lines

| Pin | Module initialization | Valid state | User Control I / O initialization | Control state |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| DATA | High level 3.3V | Low level | —— | —— |
| NET | High level 3.3V | Low level | —— | —— |
| RUN | High level 3.3V | Low level | —— | —— |
| ALARM | High level 3.3V | Low level | —— | —— |
| SLEEP | High level 3.3V | —— | High level 3.3V | Low level |
| 485CTL | Low level | —— | Connect the 485 chips controller | —— |
| CENTER | High level 3.3V | Low level | High level 3.3V | Low level |
| DEVICE | High level 3.3V | Low level | High level 3.3V | Low level |
| CONF I G | High level 3.3V | Low level | High level 3.3V | Low level 3 seconds |
| RESET | High level 3.3V | Low level | High level 3.3V | Low level |

3.5 Power Interface

The standard operating voltage of SZ05-ZBEE wireless communication module is DC-5V. The normal operating voltage range is from 5V to 12V.

Notes: The power of positive and negative can not be reversed. Otherwise they will burn out the module.

3.6 Data interface

SZ05-ZBEE wireless communication module offers two standard interfaces: RS232 interface and TTL interface. The working interfaces of serial port RS232 are TX, RX and GND. However, the TTL working interfaces are TX and RX. And the TTL level is 3.3V.

System default data interface parameters:

| Serial port parameters | Default Set |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Serial Rate | 9,600 |
| Serial check | None |
| Data bits | 8 |
| Stop bit | 1 |

3.7 Node type configuration

SZ05-ZBEE wireless communication module has three node types: center node, relay routing node and the terminal node. A short jumper connection is to control the center node, the relay routing node or the terminal node, if the short jumper is effective, the center node or the terminal node can be only chosen one. This node will be the relay routing node if the two short jumpers are suspended.

3.8 Configuration interface

If CONFIG jumper shorted or external control line of SZ05-ZBEE wireless communication module gets into the low level state in 3 seconds, the system will come into the configuration state. Being high level or floating is the working state. Configuration interface is used for some parameters to be configured. The default configuration of Serial RS232 is as follows:

| Serial port parameters | Default Set |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Serial Rate | 38,400 |
| Serial check | None |
| Data bits | 8 |
| Stop bit | 1 |

Configuration interface settings

The configuration mode of SZ05-ZBEE wireless communication module can be divided into super-terminal configuration mode and the computer network management configuration mode. The state of the two models is classified as follows:

| Instructions state | Instructions meaning |
|--|--|
| Super- terminal configuration mode | Data, operation, network and alarm light flicker at the same time |
| Computer network management configuration mode | Alarm light flashes in 1 second interval. Running lights flashes normally. Data light don't flicker. |

Super- terminal configuration mode means entering the computer's super terminal to do the module settings.

Computer network management configuration model is the protocol specification which can provide the system interface for the user to carry on the software integration.

The steps of the Super-terminal configuration mode

1. Open the computer's HyperTerminal and set HyperTerminal as follows: 38400 baud, 8 data bits, check NONE, stop bits 1, flow control none.
2. CONFIG jumper shorted or external control line comes into the low level.
3. Power to devices.
4. Entering the device configuration mode.

Notes: Being the configuration mode, the serial port is configured: 38400 baud, 8 data bits, check NONE, stop bit 1. So the computer's serial port settings must be 38400 baud, 8 data bits, check NONE, stop bit 1, flow control NONE.

IV Module configuration

Equipment configuration options are as follows:

| Configuration options | Chinese options | Configuration | The default parameters |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------|
| CHANNEL | A communication channel | Use Netcom channel | 0x0F |
| NET_TYPE | Network type | | Mesh network |
| NODE_TYPE | Device type | | Relay route |
| NET_ID | Network ID | Use Netcom number | 0xFF |
| TX_TYPE | Sending mode | | radio |
| MAC_ADDR | Device address | Different device has different address | — |
| DATA_TYPE | Data type | | HEX |

| | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|--|------------|
| DATA_BIT | Data bits, | | 8 |
| BAUD_RATE | Baud rate | | 9,600 |
| PARITY | Data validation | | NONE |
| TIME_OUT | Serial overtime | | 0x05 ms |
| SRC_ADDR | Data source address | | Not output |

4.1 Communication channel set

| Channel | Configuration instructions | Notes |
|------------|--|---|
| 0-F | 0 : 2.405GHz 1 : 2.410GHz 2 : 2.415GHz 3 : 2.420GHz 4 : 2.425GHz 5 : 2.430GHz 6 : 2.435GHz 7 : 2.440GHz 8 : 2.445GHz 9 : 2.450GHz A : 2.455GHz B : 2.460GHz C : 2.465GHz D : 2.470GHz E : 2.475GHz F : 2.480GHz | Recommended 4, 9, 14 or 15 channels, which can avoid WIFI interference. |
| G | AUTO mode to choose the best channel | |

4.2 NET_TYPE network type

| NET_TYPE options | Network type | Configuration | notes |
|------------------|--------------|--|---|
| MESH | Mesh network | Master-slave network and the network must have only one center node. | In the same network, the network type must be set the same. |
| STAR | Star nets | | |

| | | |
|---------------|----------------------|--|
| LINE_1 | Chain type nets ID=1 | |
| LINE_2 | Chain type nets ID=2 | |
| LINE_3 | Chain type nets ID=3 | |
| LINE_4 | Chain type nets ID=4 | |
| PEER | Peer-to-peer network | |

4.3 NODE_TYPE device type

| NODE_TYPE options | Network types | Configuration | note |
|-------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| PAN_COORD | Center node | | There must be a center node in the network. |
| ROUTER | Relay route | It has the terminal equipment functions, too. | |
| END_DEVICE | Terminal equipment | | |

SZ05-ZBEE wireless communication module has three types: the center node, the relay routing node and the terminal node. A short jumper connection is to control the center node, the relay routing node or the terminal node, if the short jumper connection is effective, the center node or the terminal node can be only chosen one. This node will be the relay routing node if the two short jumpers are suspended.

4.4 The network number NET_ID Settings

| NODE_TYPE options | ID range | Configuration | notes |
|-------------------|----------|--|-------|
| NET_ID | 00—FF | The whole network's ID must be the same. | |

In a network, ENTER NET_ID # 2, then click "setup". ENTER the ENTER

4.5 Data sent TX_TYPE mode Settings

| TX_TYPE options | Send mode | Configuration | notes |
|-----------------|-----------|---------------|-------|
|-----------------|-----------|---------------|-------|

| | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| BROADCAST | Broadcast mode | No target address | If target address is 2 bytes MAC address, it must be added before the packet. |
| MASTER—SLAVE | Master-slave mode | The center node must have target address. Non-central nodes haven't target address and default send the data to the center node. | |
| POINT—POINT | peer-to-peer | Target address must | |

4.6 Equipment MAC_ADDR address

| MAC_ADDR options | ID range | Configuration | note |
|------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|---|
| MAC_ADDR | 0000—FFFE | The address of center node is 0000 | The whole network cannot have the same address nodes. |

Input the net 4 device address and then press "ENTER" to finish the setup.

4.7 DATA_TYPE data types

| DATA_TYPE options | Data types | Configuration |
|-------------------|------------|--|
| ASCII | ASCII | It must be set if has the target address. If broadcast way without settings. |
| HEX | Hex | |

4.8 DATA_BIT set

| DATA_TYPE options | Data types | Configuration |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 7+1+1 | 7 bit data + 1 check + 1 stop bits | To combine with data validation to set |
| 8+0+1 | 8 bit data +0 check + 1 stop bits | |

| | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 8+1+1 | 8 bit data +1 check + 1 stop bits | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|

4.9 Serial BAUD_RATE set

| BAUD_RATE options | Baud rate range | Configuration |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| 1,200 | 1,200-3,8400 | Choose match baud rate |
| 38,400 | | |

4.10 DATA_PARITY set

| DATA_PARITY options | Equipment types | Configuration |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| NONE | No calibration | Select the match calibration type |
| EVEN | Parity checking | |
| ODD | Parity checking | |

4.11 Serial TIME_OUT set

| TIME_OUT options | Equipment types | notes |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| TIME_OUT | 1-255ms (Hexadecimal display) | Serial overtime time. |

4.12 SRC_ADDR data source address set

| SRC_ADR options | Data source address | Configuration |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---|
| NOT OUTPUT | Not output source address | According to the application to choose whether to output source address of data packets |
| HEX | Hexadecimal output | |

| | | |
|--------------|--------------|--|
| ASCII | ASCII output | |
|--------------|--------------|--|

The formats of Hexadecimal output source address: 2 bytes of data source address + valid data.

The formats of ASCII mode output source address: 4 bytes of data source address + valid data.

V Data sending instructions

5.1 Data sending mode

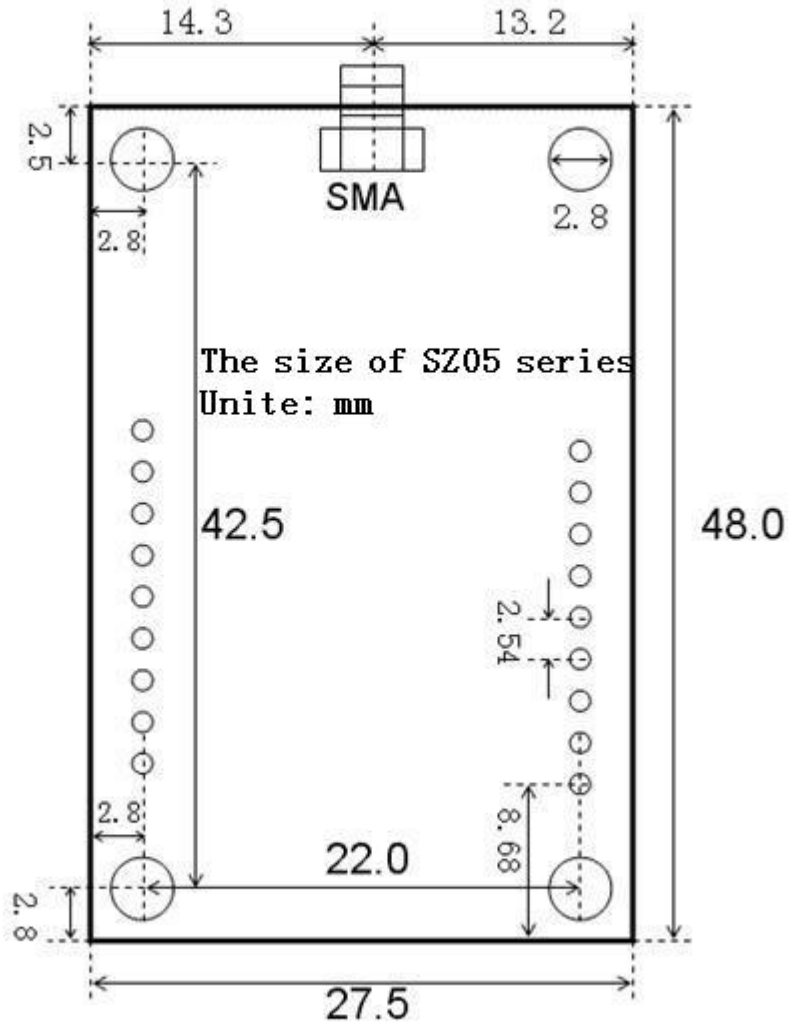
| Module type | Send mode | Goal node | Send mode |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Center node | radio | All non-central node within the network | Data directly |
| | Master-slave or peer-to-peer | Target address node | Target address + data |
| Non-central node | radio | All non-central node | Data directly |
| | Master-slave | Center node | Data directly |
| | peer-to-peer | Target address node | Target address + data |

5.2 Data transmission frame format

| Send mode | Data coding | Data frame format |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Data directly | | Do not make any changes |
| Target address + data | Hexadecimal target address | 2 bytes target address + data |
| | ASCII target address | 4 bytes target address + data |

VI Installation of equipment

6.1 Module installation dimensions



SZ05 series of embedded module dimensions

6.2 Working instructions

Z05-ZBEE wireless communication module provides four working status LED indication interfaces which are data, network operating system transceiver, network state and alarm interface. The four lights instructions are as follows:

| indicator | Indication state | Meaning of the indication |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---|
| Data, | Light or extinguish | Data receive or send once |
| running | Light in 1 second interval | System runs normally |
| | extinguish | System doesn't work or haven't connect the electricity or has something wrong with the system |
| Network, | light | Center node successfully connects the network, and other nodes have joined the network |
| | extinguish | Not connected network |
| alarm | extinguish | Work normally |
| | light | System abnormal or system was in a special state |

Special state of the system:

| Instructions | Instruction meaning |
|--|---|
| Data, operation, network and alarm light flash disorderly or irregularly | Initial system operation but without initial operation parameters |
| Data, operation, network and alarm light flash at the same time | System into the super terminal configuration mode |
| Alarm light flashes in 1 second intervals, running light flashes normally, and the data light doesn't flash | System enters the configuration mode of computer network management |

6.3 Cautions

1. The model does not have waterproof function. Please don't directly install the product in the outdoor and moist place,
2. This product is a wireless electronic product, please don't install it in the metallic shield shell and try to install in the open, no obstacles place.
3. This product is installed outdoor, if the surrounding is compare open, please install the lightning rod in case of lightning.